# Knowledge of rural women about general practices of care of clothing and its renovation 

MEENU SRIVASTAVA, PREETI UDAWAT AND SEEMA RANI
Accepted: November, 2008
See end of the article for authors' affiliations

Correspondence to:

## MEENU SRIVASTAVA

Department of Textiles and Apparel Designing, College of Home Science, Maharana Pratap University of Agriculture and Technology, UDAIPUR (RAJASTHAN) INDIA


#### Abstract

Clothing is one of the basic needs of man along with food and shelter. A lot of resources are spent on clothing purchase and better upkeep to get its long life. If proper attention is given about appropriate clothing practices for care, renovation and garment construction , not only the life of garment will be increased but it will also help in economizing the family budget. Keeping in view this aspect the present investigation was carried out to assess the knowledge about General practices of care of clothing, renovation, garment designing and enrichment among rural women. It was found that women have inadequate knowledge about clothing practices and renovation techniques.


Key words: Clothing, Garments, Care, Knowledge, Renovation.

TThe present study was conducted in five adopted villages of All India Coordinated Research Project Home Science, Udaipur i.e. Palana khurd, Palana kalan, Nurda, Mahuda and Virdholiya of Mavli panchayat samiti of district Udaipur. Fifty respondents form each village were selected by simple random sampling. Thus total 250 farm women were selected for the study. A suitable research tool was prepared in light of the objectives of the study and data were collected by interview technique.

## Distribution of respondents according to the age :

Table 1 shows the age distribution of respondents. Majority of the respondents were found in the age range of 21-30 years, followed by 28 per cent respondents between 31-40 years of age and $18 \%$ respondents were below 20 years. Only $12 \%$ respondents were in the age range of 41-50 years in age.

| Table: 1 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Distribution of respondents according to the age |  |  |
| Sr. No. | Age | Number | Percentage (\%) |
| 1. | Below 20 years | 45 | 18 |
| 2. | 21-30 years | 105 | 42 |
| 3. | $31-40$ years | 70 | 28 |
| 4. | $41-50$ years | 30 | 12 |
| 5. | Senior citizens | - | - |

## Distribution of respondents according to educational level:

Distribution of respondents according to education
level has been depicted in Fig 1. It can be seen that 32 per cent respondents were illiterate and also $32 \%$ respondents educated up to middle class. Sixteen per cent of the respondents were educated up to intermediate. Few respondents educated up to high school and graduation and above.


## Distribution of respondents according to income levels:

Data about income level has been depicted in Fig 2. Half of the respondent's income level was in the lower middle income group i.e. between Rs.1500-2999/-followed

